## **IN THE CLAIMS**

1. (Currently Amended) A cyanine dye having the formula:

$$A_1$$
 $A_2$ 
 $A_2$ 
 $A_2$ 
 $A_2$ 

$$\frac{\text{or}}{R}$$

wherein  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  are each independently O, S or N, and R is H or a hydrocarbon, optionally containing a heteroatom, and m is an integer from 0 to 5, and n is an integer from 0 to 5.

- 2. (Original) The cyanine dye of claim 1, wherein R is methyl or ethyl, and m is 1 and n is 0.
- 3. (Original) The cyanine dye of claim 1, wherein R is methyl or ethyl, m is 1 and n is 0, and  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  are S.

- 4. (Original) The cyanine dye of claim 1, wherein R is methyl or ethyl, m is 1 and n is 0, and  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  are O.
- 5. (Original)The cyanine dye of claim 1, wherein R is methyl or ethyl, m is 1 and n is 0,  $A_1$  is S and  $A_2$  is O.
- 6. (Currently Amended) A hybridization probe comprising a sequence-recognizing nucleic acid portion and a reporter portion, wherein the reporter portion comprises a cyanine dye having the formula:

$$A_1$$
 $A_2$ 
 $A_2$ 
 $A_2$ 
 $A_3$ 
 $A_4$ 
 $A_4$ 

or A<sub>2</sub>

R

wherein  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  are each independently O, S or N, and R is H or a hydrocarbon, optionally containing a heteroatom, and m is an integer from 0 to 5, and n is an integer from 0 to 5.

- 7. (Original) The probe of claim 6, wherein R is methyl or ethyl, and m is 1 and n is 0.
- 8. (Original) The probe of claim 6, wherein R is methyl or ethyl, m is 1 and n is 0, and  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  are S.

- 9. (Original) The probe of claim 6, wherein R is methyl or ethyl, m is 1 and n is 0, and  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  are O.
- 10. (Original) The probe of claim 6, wherein R is methyl or ethyl, m is 1 and n is 0,  $A_1$  is S and  $A_2$  is O.
- 11. (Currently Amended) A method for detecting the presence of double-stranded DNA in a sample comprising the steps of: introducing into the sample a cyanine dye having the formula:

$$A_{2}$$

wherein  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  are each independently O, S or N, and R is H or a hydrocarbon, optionally containing a heteroatom, and m is an integer from 0 to 5, and n is an integer from 0 to 5; and detecting fluorescence from the cyanine dye, wherein the fluorescence intensity from the cyanine dye is increased in the presence of double-stranded DNA as a result of binding of the cyanine dye in the minor groove of the double-stranded DNA.

12. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein R is methyl or ethyl, and m is 1 and n is 0.

Amendment dated February 12, 2007

Reply to Office Action of December 19, 2006

13. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein R is methyl or ethyl, m is 1 and n is 0,

and  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  are S.

14. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein R is methyl or ethyl, m is 1 and n is 0,

and  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  are O.

15. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein R is methyl or ethyl, m is 1 and n is 0, A<sub>1</sub>

is S and  $A_2$  is O.

16. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) A method for monitoring a real time PCR reaction

by detection of the formation of double-stranded DNA, comprising the steps of performing real

time PCR in the presence of a fluorescent dye that interacts with double-stranded DNA, and

monitoring fluorescence from the fluorescent dye, wherein the fluorescent dye increases its

fluorescent intensity when it is locked in a minor groove position in double stranded DNA, and

wherein the dye comprises at least 2 aromatic ring systems both comprising at least one nitrogen

atom, which rings are linked by a alkyne group having up to four carbon atoms to form a

conjugated bond, and the dye further comprises at least a third aromatic system linked thereto via

a bond having a significant double string character, such as a single bond or a ethyne bond, to

provide a stiff conjugated system a cyanine dye having the formula:

KM/TJS/tg

Docket No.:2921-0150PUS1

Application No. 10/605,961 Amendment dated February 12, 2007 Reply to Office Action of December 19, 2006

$$A_1$$
 $A_2$ 
 $A_2$ 
 $A_2$ 
 $A_2$ 
 $A_2$ 
 $A_3$ 
 $A_4$ 
 $A_2$ 
 $A_4$ 
 $A_2$ 
 $A_3$ 
 $A_4$ 
 $A_4$ 
 $A_4$ 
 $A_4$ 
 $A_4$ 
 $A_4$ 
 $A_5$ 
 $A_5$ 

$$\frac{\text{or}}{R}$$

wherein  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  are each independently O, S or N, and R is H or a hydrocarbon, optionally containing a heteroatom, and m is an integer from 0 to 5, and n to an integer from 0 to  $\underline{5}$ .

17-20. (Cancelled)

21. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein R is methyl or ethyl, and m is 1 and n is

0.

Application No. 10/605,961 Amendment dated February 12, 2007 Reply to Office Action of December 19, 2006 Docket No.:2921-0150PUS1

- 22. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein R is methyl or ethyl, m is 1 and n is 0, and  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  are S.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein R is methyl or ethyl, m is 1 and n is 0, and  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  are O.
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein R is methyl or ethyl, m is 1 and n is 0,  $A_1$  is S and  $A_2$  is O.